# Release Notes for the QNX Neutrino 6.4.1 BSP for RMI XLR 732 ATX-IB EK Trunk#

#### System requirements#

#### **Target system**

- QNX Neutrino RTOS 6.4.1
- Board version: RMI ATX-I-B Evaluation Board
- XRL732 processor
- 16 MB Intel Strata NOR flash

#### Host development system

- QNX Momentics 6.4.1
- Terminal emulation program (Qtalk, Momentics IDE Terminal, tip, HyperTerminal, etc.)
- RS-232 serial port and serial cable
- Ethernet link

#### Getting Started#

#### Starting Neutrino#

#### **Step 1: Connect your hardware**

- 1. Connect one end of a NULL-modem cable to Serial Port A (Top DB9 Connector) on the target board. (For details, see your hardware documentation.)
- 2. Connect the other end of the NULL-modem cable to a free serial port on your host development system. For the purposes of this doc, we'll assume it's ser1 (e.g. Com1 in Windows).
- 3. You may have five Ethernet links on the system. Four Gigabit Ethernet Ports are located on the ATX-I-B main board. The other one is located on a PCI NIC card shipped from the manufacturer. For the purposes of this docs, we require you to connect your target board to your network using Gigabit Ethernet Port 0 (gmac0) on the ATX-I-B main board. Please check the ATX-I-B XLR Processor Evaluation Kit Users Manual "Table 1".

Note: We recommend you use the -o option while connecting the target with minicom, i.e. minicom -o xlr732

#### Step 2: Build the BSP

You can build a BSP OS image from the source code. For instructions about building a BSP OS image, please refer to the chapter Working with a BSP in the Building Embedded Systems manual.

#### Step 3: Transfer the OS image to the board

On your host machine, start your favorite terminal program with these settings:

• Baud: 38400

• Bits: 8

• Stop bits: 1

• Parity: none

• Flow control: none

#### Step 4: Transfer the OS image to the board

1. Apply power to the board. You should see output similar to the following:

Compiled @ 0x0000000045303B41 seconds from epoch Power On reset config = 0xFFFFFFFB466551F XLR Junction temperature is 55 Celsius Type any key to enter board setup 0 board major 1, board minor 1 DRAM SPD Info: Detected XLR version B Compile-time presumed DRAM channel width:72 ---- Configuring DRAM Channel 0 -----Rank allocation table: SPD address:0x54 Exists:1 CSid:0 ODTid:0 Logical rank ID:0 SPD address:0x54 Exists:1 CSid:1 ODTid:1 Logical rank ID:1 SPD address:0x55 Exists:1 CSid:2 ODTid:2 Logical rank ID:2 SPD address:0x55 Exists:1 CSid:3 ODTid:3 Logical rank ID:3 Memory channel operating at 533 MHz data rate. Info: chosen AL: 3 Trying configuration: CMD:6 SLV\_CMD:6 tBOARD:1 Pass count:2906 Chosen DRAM strobe settings: C:6 SC:6 tBOARD:1 RX0:65 TX0:8 RX1:65 TX1:8 RX2:65 TX2:8 RX3:65 TX3:8 RX4:65 TX4:7 RX5:65 TX5:7 RX6:65 TX6:7 RX7:65 TX7:8 Amount of memory available on channel 0: 2048 MB ---- Configuring DRAM Channel 2 -----Rank allocation table: SPD address:0x56 Exists:1 CSid:0 ODTid:0 Logical rank ID:0 SPD address:0x56 Exists:1 CSid:1 ODTid:1 Logical rank ID:1 SPD address:0x57 Exists:1 CSid:2 ODTid:2 Logical rank ID:2 SPD address:0x57 Exists:1 CSid:3 ODTid:3 Logical rank ID:3 Memory channel operating at 533 MHz data rate. Info: chosen AL: 3 Trying configuration: CMD:6 SLV\_CMD:5 tBOARD:1 Pass count:3571 Chosen DRAM strobe settings: C:6 SC:5 tBOARD:1 RX0:65 TX0:8 RX1:65 TX1:8 RX2:65 TX2:8 RX3:65 TX3:8 RX4:65 TX4:8 RX5:65 TX5:8 RX6:65 TX6:8 RX7:65 TX7:8 Amount of memory available on channel 2: 2048 MB Programming Bridge BARS and MTRS **Running DRAM mats DRAM** mats Passed MAC ADDRESS FROM BOARD PROM 0000002121212121 ARIZONA Board Major Version: 00000000000000001 ARIZONA Board Minor Version: 0000000000000001 cpu online map FFFFFFFFFFFFFFF CPU Revision: c0b04 Processor Info XLR732 (Revision = B2) (iobase = 0xbef00000) Bridge Device Mask: 0 Power on reset config: b466551f Initializing message ring for cpu 0 Running On Board "ATX\_I\_B" CPU Frequency = 1200.000000MHz, mips\_counter\_frequency = 0x47868c00 Total Available Ram = 0x3f00000, Total Heap Size = 0x3d9f400, stackbase = 0x8c1e5fe0 Master cpu id = 0, boot1\_cpu\_online\_map = ffffffff Detected 32 online CPU(s), map = 0xffffffffInitializing message ring for cpu\_3

```
Initializing message ring for cpu_5
Initializing message ring for cpu_1
Initializing message ring for cpu_7
Initializing message ring for cpu_2
Initializing message ring for cpu_6
Initializing message ring for cpu_4
All cpus successfully started
[Detected iobus]
[Detected cfiflash on iobus]
[Detected pemcia on iobus]
[Detected spi4_0 on iobus]
[Detected spi4 1 on iobus]
[Detected cpld on iobus]
[Detected cpld_i2c on iobus]
[Initializing cpld]
[Initializing pemcia inferface in IO mode]
Disc Controller pemcia registered.
[Initializing cfiflash]
Intel Flash. [16 MB]
PCI BUS is in PCI mode (DLL settings: 0x12)
PCI XLR is configured in Host mode
PCI Host mode Status = a1c
pci Controller registered.
[Initializing qdr]
List of PCI devices found:
  PCI device 10ec:8139 00:01 0
  resource[0] 0x10000000:0x100000ff:0x21
  resource[1] 0xd0000000:0xd000000ff:0x20
Scanning pemeia Bus 0
Found pcmcia_1 disk
Model: Hitachi XX.V.3.7.0.0
Firmware: Rev 0.00 Serial#: X0401 20060221061329
Capacity: 244.3 \text{ MB} = 0.2 \text{ GB} (500400 \text{ x } 512)
configuring gmac0 in nibble mode @ 25MHz (100Mbps): full duplex mode
configuring gmac1 in nibble mode @ 2.5MHz (10Mbps): full duplex mode
configuring gmac2 in nibble mode @ 2.5MHz (10Mbps): full duplex mode
configuring gmac3 in nibble mode @ 2.5MHz (10Mbps): full duplex mode
Using flash for environment storage.
RMI Bootloader [Version: 1.00.9] for XLR732 on ATX_I_B Reference Board
    (type h for help)
B2_XLR732 @ ATX_I_B $
```

If you see "Booting in 2 units. Press anykey to halt ...", you should press any key promprly to abort autobooting.

2. At the B2\_XLR732 @ ATX\_I\_B \$ prompt, you have 2 options:

either configure with **DHCP** or without **DHCP** (manually):

#### With **DHCP**:

```
B2_XLR732 @ ATX_I_B $ ifconfig -i gmac0 B2_XLR732 @ ATX_I_B $ tftpc
```

This command sets the board to **DHCP** mode so it will get an IP address from a **DHCP** server.

Without **DHCP** or with custom settings:

This command manually sets the IP of the board.

3. Now enter the following command at the B2\_XLR732 @ ATX\_I\_B \$ prompt:

## B2\_XLR732 @ ATX\_I\_B \$ tftpc -s <IP address of TFTP server> -f ifs\_phoenix.elf B2\_XLR732 @ ATX\_I\_B \$ run

The run command tells the bootloader to boot the recently ELF-format OS image transfer from tftpc command.

When Neutrino starts, you'll see a message like this:

Welcome to QNX Neutrino on the RMI ATX-I-B Board

#### Step 4: Start working with Neutrino OS#

You can test the OS simply by executing any shell builtin command or any command residing within the OS image (e.g. ls).

Once the initial image is running, you can update the OS image using the network and flash drivers. For sample command lines, please see the "Summary of driver commands" section.

#### Creating a flash partition#

- 1. Start the NOR flash filesystem driver by issuing the **devf-phoenix** command at the ksh prompt, or in the startup script.
- 2. Prepare the area for the partition. Because the Boot loader is in the first 4MB of flash, you will not want to erase them. Use the -l (length) and -o (offset) options to avoid these areas.

#### flashctl -p/dev/fs0 -o 4M -l 12M -ev

This command will erase 12 MB of flash. The offset (4MB) ensures that you won't erase the bootloader(< 4 MB) area.

3. Format the partition:

#### flashctl -p/dev/fs0p0 -o 4M -l 12M -fv

4. Slay, then restart the driver:

#### slay devf-phoenix devf-phoenix

You should now have a /fs0p1 mount on the target to which you can copy files.

#### **Driver Command Summary**#

The following table summarizes the commands to launch the various drivers.

Component	<b>Buildfile Command</b>	Required Binaries	Required Libraries	Source Location
Startup	startup-			src/hardware/
	phoenix -vvvv			startup/
	-P8			boards/phoenix
Serial	devc-	devc-serphoenix		src/hardware/
	serphoenix -e			devc/
	-c66000000/16			serphoenix
	-b38400			
	0x1ef14000^2,0x	80000011		
	0x1ef15000^2,0x	80000012		
PCI	pci-phoenix	pci-phoenix		src/hardware/
		pci		pci/phoenix
Flash (NOR)	devf-phoenix	devf-phoenix		src/hardware/
		flashctl		flash/boards/
				phoenix
Network	io-pkt-v4 -	io-pkt-v4	devn-phoenix.so	src/hardware/
	v -ptcpip -	ifconfig	libsocket.so	devn/phoenix
	dphoenix	nicinfo*	devnp-shim.so	
		ping*		
Ī2C	i2c-phoenix	i2c-phoenix		src/hardware/
	u0 -m0 -			i2c/phoenix
	p0x1EF16000			
	i2c-phoenix			
	u1 -m1 -			
	p0x1EF17000			

Some of the drivers are commented out in the default buildfile. To use the drivers in the target hardware, you'll need to uncomment them in your buildfile, rebuild the image, and load the image into the board.

### **Known Issues for This BSP**#

• I2C driver does not work in 6.4.1.